that I entirely concur in the views herein explaned. The resembling of for such conclusions seem to be sor and and satisfactory, and it follows that if these lands or their scoceds were tow in existence they could not be applied as sought for by the complaint in this cause.

But a fixed difficulty remains to be soliced in maintaining this spite, as to the lands of Steinwyots. It is averred in the combination to the lands of the set of 1783, the defendants all the lands devined to them by Stainwyck for a very large amount of money, and appropriated the proceeds to the purchase of other hands in the City of New York, which were of great value and yielded a large sure all theomes. And the complaint prays judgment of this Corr, it that the defendants may be decreed to hold the lands, the meantage propriate and property purchased with, or unlarge out of the avails of the sales of the Manor of Fordans, agent the trace to appropriate and apply the revenues and in

mean of this o'r, that the defendants may be decreed to not the lards, this ments, premises and property purchased with, or unising out of the avails of the sales of the Manor of Fordaxon, upon the trast to appropriate and apply the revenues and incomes thereof to the payment of the sale of so the relator and other minuters similarly situated. The defendants say they have to knowledge of the sale of said lands, or of the appropriation of the proceeds to the purchase and improvements of other hands in the City of New York.

The set of 1753, authorizing this sale, directed the proceeds to, he applied to the purchase of other lands and real estate, which would produce a greater revenue and income.

In the remembrance presented to the Governor and Cownell in the remembrance presented to the Governor and Cownell by Bardenbrook and others in 1767, it is alleged that the is ging by Bardenbrook and others in 1767, it is alleged that the is ging by Bardenbrook and others in 1767, it is alleged that the indicate of the many srights from the sale of the Manor of I ordated the sale of the many srights from the sale of the Manor of Fortham. The money which was recorded on the trails went to the general fonds of the Church, for Caurch pur gooses, and hands or a few property were now held by the defendants as the processor of the sale of the Manor of Fortham, has entirely failed, and consequently all claim by the relator upon the defendants, in consequence of or in any manuer's raising out of the vill of Steinwych, also failed. Whatever was derived under that will, would seem to have leng since disaypeared, and with y, all taken of good and on the other remains out of the will of Steinwych, also failed. Whatever was derived under that will would seem to have leng since disaypeared, and with y, all taken of good factor to the will of Steinwych, also failed.

will of Haspensinck.

be Justice, at Special Torm, held that the device in this
tas in that of Steinwych, was exclusively for The Justice, at Special Term, held that the devise in this will, as in that of Stein wyok, was exclusively for the benefit of the ministry of the church of the defendants. He says: "At this time, the defendants being incorporated by the names of The Ministers, Elders and Descons of the Reformed Frot-stant Butch Church of the City of New-York, and these words being used in the will be describe the only body for whose exclusive benefit the deview was nade, and to whom alone, by express disection, there was to be any accountability for the income of the property, show that the holper intended that body alone to have the right to the income of his property, without accountability to others, whether of the same communion in fath or act.

For the reasons before suggested, these views appear to me sound and unanswershie.

This is on the assumption that the devise to the defendants is begaland the trust oreated such as is recognized by our saws, and which a Court of Equity will enforce. On the argument in the Bapreme Gourt of the United States of the case of Harpendinck against these defendants (6 Peters, 455), it was contended on the part of the 'befor at isse of the devisor that the devise to the part of the 'befor at isse of the devisor that the devise to the part of the 'befor at isse of the devisor that the devise to the part of the 'befor at isse of the devisor that the devise to the part of the 'befor at least one that will was void. It was said that various stratagems at different times had been needed to by the clerry to defeat these enactments (the Statester of the 'before and of Willia), by a resort to the creation of two of the office of the office of the strategy of the strategy of the King in Gouncit, evold not repeal, site was not a programment of the begisterre, even though approved by the King in Gouncit, evold not repeal, site or obtained them; that it was not a programment of the charter of incorporation, under which the defendants alleges right to take the cetate in question, on a be of no creal whatever, because it was not in the power of the overeign to permit "that to be done which the laws of the kingdom prohibited.

On the part of the defendants, it was conceded for that argu-

bited.

On the part of the defendants, it was conceded for that arg: On the year of the detendant, it was not the Mortmain acts, but of the exception in the statute of Wills of 34 Hen. VIII., but of the exception in the statute of Wills of 34 Hen. VIII., the 5, and which statute, in terms, was reduncted in New-York. (See 2 R. S., let Ed., Appendix, p. 51.)

By the first section of this act, any person was at liberty and had full power to give his lands by his last will and testament in writing te any person or persons, except bodies politic and corrected.

had full power to give his lands by his last will and testament in writing te any person or persons, except bodies politic and corporate.

In the Revision of 1813, the same exception was contained. (I. R. L., 284, sec. 1.)

In the Revision of 1839, the exception was altered into a prohibition, the attautes declaring that no devise to a corporation shall be valid unless such corporation be expressly authorized by ite charter or by statute to take by devise. (I Rev. Stat., p. 67, sec. 3.) In Bogardus va Trinity Church (4 Paige, 183) the learned commel for the defendant argued: "There is a distinction between an inospacity to hold property beyond a certain amount and that of a corporation to take by devise under a will. In the latter case there is an entire want of power both to devise and take, the prohibition being in the Statute of Wills. The sole authority to devise being derived from the Statute of Wills. The sole suthering to devise being derived from the Statute of Wills. The sole suthering to devise being derived from the Statute of Wills. The the statute of 34 Henry VIII. concerning wills, was in force in the Coleny at the time Harpendick made his will, cannot be questioned. This position is fully sustained by the Chancellor in the case of Trinity Church, cited supra, and the authorities there referred to. The case of McCartee agt. Orphan Asylum, 9 Cowen, 437, decided in the Court of Errors, held that a devise of real estate to a corporation was void within the Statute of Wills. (See, also, Jackson vs. Hammond, 2 Colec's Cases in Error, 337; Ayres vs. Methodist Ch., 3 Sand, S. C. 331.) I must, therefore, hold this devise by Harpendinck, in his will of 1723, as void by the law of this State.

The next question presented is whether, the devise being void. The next question presented is whether, the devise being void within the Statute of way of the the case referred to on the arguments, it would seem to be clearly settled that it cannot. (Ayres et Methodist Ch., supra. Kuyepet agt. The Ministers, &c., e Fai

cente, or in any way direct the execution of a trust this wholly void? From an examination of the case referred to on the arguments, it would seem to be clearly settled that it cannot. (Ayres agt. Methodist Ch., supra. Kuypeat sat. The Ministers, &c., e Faige, 570. Van Kleecke agt. The Same, 6 Paige, 600. S. C. 29 Wend., 457.

It seems to me, therefore, clear that this Court cannot interfere with the defendants in reference to the trust which it alleged was ferested by this void device. But it was urged, with arguments, that the defendants having claimed in the United States Courts, that they held title under the will of Harmondints, they are now stopped from denying to a they so hold, and equally from denying the validity of such title. From an examination of this case, I do not perceive that the defendants claimed, then, that the will was valid. They telled me forty years adverse possession, leaking to hold for themselves to fee simple. The Justice who delivered the opinion of the Court, says: "To cover the possession, no paper title is invoked, substantial inclosures and actual occupancy for forty years are relied on in substitution of a valid paper title."

But this question of estoppel, even if the facts were as assumed by the learned counsel for the defendants, is of very doubtful application to the present case.

The doctrine of estoppels is a mere technical role, and is not regarded with much favor in any Court, particularly in Courts of Equity. (Van Wyck vs. Seward, & Paige, 65.) It seems to me must it has no force in this case, for the reasons surgested.

Reither can this devise be sustained, in my judgment, as a charitable or pious use or trust.

The principles settled by this Court in the case of Beekman agt. The People (27 Baro., 280), are quits conclusive on tais point. Williams agt. Williams was sustained on the ground that the truste was in that case competent trustee was not authorized to take, the bequests did not vest and the truste was contained to take, the bequests did not vest and the tru

coal notired to take, the bequests did not versually coals not be executed.

That it was essential to maintain and execute a trust that

the trust cy press or therwise.

These defendants not being competent to take these lands by devise, it follows that no competent trustee to take exists, and that therefore this Court has no power to decree an execution of the trusts, even though one had been established by the will of Harpendinck in favor of the relator.

The motion of the defendants to dismiss the complaint is granted, and the same is accordingly dismissed, with costs.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-FEB. 22.- Before Judge

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—Frs. 22.—Before Judge Datv.

Daniel Honigsberger agt. The Second-avenue Railroad Co. This suit is brought to recover damages to the extent of \$10,000 for injuries inflicted by one of the cars belonging to the defendants on Solomon, infant on of the plaintiff. The secident took place on the 22d of May, 1857, when the boy, in crossing the railroad track, fell, and was run over by the car. His injuries were such as rendered amportation necessary, and the boy leat his left arm. Negligence is charged by each upon the other. The plaintiff produces testimony which shows that the driver was talking to a passenger when he ran over the boy. The defendants oberge that the boy was in fault in attempting to cross. Vereict for plaintiff for \$469.50.

Benedict & Boardman for plaintiff; Schell, Slosson, &c., for defendants.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—TUESDAY, FEB. 22.—
Before Recorder BARNAED.

Patrick McCauley pleaded guilty to grand larceny
and was sentenced to nine months in the Fenticembry.

Patrick McCauley pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to nine months in the Pentitemary.

William Johnson was charged with a visiation of the Gambling Laws, on the complish of B. F. Hilbider, a Kentuckian, who deposed that in November last he went to No. 575 Broadway, and there lost \$600 at fare, Johnson being the gamekeeper. The defendant was convicted, it being the first conviction of the sort, in jais Court, for nine years. Sentence deferred.

Samuel Marshall pleaded guilty to assault and battery. Sentence deferred.

Abraham D. Thompson, indicted with David Fox and Charles Moore for the murder of David Stackpole, at Harlem, on the occasion of a target excursion of the Fox Marketsers on Nov. 18. Thankagiving Day, was placed on trial. James T. Brady, esc., appeared for the defense. The nature of the case is as follows: The Fox Marketsers proceeded on an excursion to liar-less, and a party belonging to the Brady duard, of the First Ward, subsequently joined them, Stackpole belonging to the latter body, who went there merely a looker-on, and taking no part in the excursion.

Subsequently a disturbance took place at the bar of the River House respecting the distribution of prince, and one of the Fox Murketsers, named Moore, got into a quarrel with a man named Coleman. Stackpole became involved in the affair, and Moore, and the impression that Stackpole had struck him, pursued the latter with a word. Thompson and Fox also pursued Stackpole and a six is alleged. Thompson tabbed him with a boay one to take him with a boay officer's sword. He received only one wound, but it was fatal, and hoore stabbed him with a boay officer's sword. He received only one wound, but it was fatal, and hoore stabbed him and tried to teah him with a boay officer's sword. He received only one wound, but it was fatal, and hoore stabbed him and tried to teah him with a boay officer's sword. He received only one wound, but it was fatal, and hoore stabbed him, and tried to teah him with a boay officer's word. He received only on

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS—Fra. 22.—Before Jurtices CONNOLLY, KELLY and STREAS.

John L. Bennett, Etching a Jack-screw—Penitentary six months, and fined 65'; John Baker, assault and battery—Fenitentiary two months; John Burke, assault and battery—Fenitentiary two months; Bannet Carrabar, indecend exposure—Fined 6.15; John Chesnut, assault and battery—Judgment suspended; Banney Coloman, assault and battery—Penitentiary two months; William Colt, stealing a cost—Tenitentiary there months; William Colt, stealing a cost—Tenitentiary fore months; Michael Daley, assault and battery—Penitentiary fore months; Henry Grebe, stealing a vest and pantacoms—Fenitentiary two months; John Hatell, stealing a watch and chain—Tentuntiary three months; William Hyland and William Wessen, stealing a liver watch—Fenitentiary six months each; James Hallgan, stealing a vastch—Fenitentiary six months; Francis Kelly, assault and battery—Fined 519. John Lewis, stealing a bag of clothing—Penitentiary two months; William Buter and James Lowe, stealing a level of calco—Penitentiary three months each; Magdalena Miethaven, stealing a though butter—Fenitentiary three months; Ann O'Connor, stealing a cost and pantalous—Penitentiary six months; Margaret Mechan, stealing the part of the stealing and the stealing a cost and pantalous—Penitentiary six months; Margaret Mechan, stealing the lambary—Connor, stealing a post and pantalous—Penitentiary of months; Margaret Mechan, stealing the lambary—Fined 610 cach; Margaret White, assault and buttery—Judgment suspended; James Walker, stealing a pair of botte—Judgment suspended; Michael Conner, assault and battery—Penitentiary one months; Mary Williams, malicions and stealing a pair of botte—Judgment suspended; Michael Brogan, stealing a pair of botte—Judgment suspended, Michael Brogan, stealing a pair of botte—Judgment suspended; Michael Brogan, stealing a pair of chothes—Judgment suspended; Michael Brogan, stealing a pair of chothes—Judgment suspended Michael Brogan, stealing a pair of chothes—Judgment su

COURT CALENDAR-THE DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Same as yesterday, out the following numbers: 381, 523, 123, 423.
SUPERIOR COURT. - Non. 443, 872, 67, 447, 468, 471, 13, 475, 476, 422, 427, 488, 493, 494, 497, 501, 502, 584, 506, 512, 513,

COMMON PLEAS.—Part I—NOS. 726, 567, 727. Part II (one-bost casses)—Nos. 1512, 1196, 825, 1146, 1144, 965, 1357. BROOKLYN SUPREME COURT.—GENERAL TREM.—Feb. 25.—Nos. 55, 59, 66, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 63, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 77, 76, 8, 81, 82, 83, 84

BROOKLYN CITY COURT.—Nos. 1, 46, 50, 52, 54, 57, 60, 63, 65, 67, 69, 55, 8, 61.

REAL ESTATE.-The following sales were made yesterday at the Merchants' Exchange, by Mesers.

Also the following, by Adrian H. Muller: Store and lot No. 69 Liberty-st., 25x110.

House and lot No. 140 Greene-st., 25x160.

House and lot No. 124 Exast 12b-b., 25x166.

House and lot No. 15 West 24st., 20x36.

1 lot S. W. corner 4th and Charles-sts., 24x75.

1 lot on 4th-st., adjoining, 24x75.

1 lot on 4th-st., adjoining, 24x75.

l lot on 4th st. adjoining 21x75

1 lot on 4th st. 25x160

1 lot on W 8 6th sv. adjoining 25x160

1 lot on W 8 6th sv. adjoining 25x160

1 lot N 8 4th st. 225 ft. W of 6th sv. 25x100

2 lots S 8 56th st. 225 ft. W of 6th sv. 25x100 PICKPOCKETS YESTERDAY.—Not fless than sixteen pickpockets were apprehended by the police yesterday, operating in the crowd that extered in the City Hall Fark, part of whom were conveyed to the Police Office, in Broome street, by the Detectives, and the remainder locked up in the City Hall basement. Only one instance of any importance, however, has transpired—Mrs. Augusts Beck, a middle-aged derman woman, well estanding against the railing at the western ede of the Park during the afternoon, waiching the movements of the Rodiery, was rudely crowded against by a lad, and, upon turning around, she observed an old man winking toward the boy. Unsupperted, however, the boy followed her, and abstracted a purse containing the sum of ec3, in sliver coto. It is not pocket, which she had just taken from a Savigas Bank, with the intention of sending it to an aged mother in Germany and for which she had toiled for a long time. The discovery of her loss as affected the poor woman that she fainted among the crowd. Recovering from the fit, he subsequently, by a more accident, recognized a boy named Patrick Lynch, who was arrested by efficer Brodett, clerk of the City Hall squad, to be the lad above referred to. The boy was locked up, but the money was not found in his postession.

Man Missing—Samuel M. Wolfe, jr., a young man from Lynchburg, Va., called at Honter's deguerrectype gallery. PICKPOCKETS YESTERDAY .- Not fless than sixteen

msy have been foully dealt with.

DISCHARGED.—Edward Nethercutt, who was arrestbeen on Saturday for robbing a sloop some time ago, was discharged by Justice Connolly yesterday, his mother swearing that
he was at home in bed on the right in question.

MARRIED.

BARCLAY-FLINT-On Tuesday, Feb. 22, by the Rev. Walter Clark, D. D. of Mercer-street Presbyterian Church, James H. Barclay of this city, to Miss H. Viola Fiint of North Reading, Mass.

DOYLE-HIGGINSON-On Monday, Feb. 14, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Father Train, Mr. Edward Doyle of Brooklyn, to Miss Anna, daughter of the sate Win. Higginson of this city.

DIE D.

APPLEGATE—At Washington, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 19,
Lewis Applegate, aged 84 years, father of the late Mr. Win.
Applegate, printer, of this city.
BLACKMAN—On Tuesday morning, Feb. 22, of croup, Charles
B. sen of Charles Jervis and Manon Blackman, aged 2 years
and 6 months.
The friends of ithe family are invited to attend the funeral on
Thursday, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his
parents, No. 90 Dean street Brooklyn.
BAKER—At No. 62 West Thirty-seventh street, on Monday,
Feb. 2t, Jacob S. Baker, in the 65th year of his age.
COLLINS—On Tuesday, Feb. 22 of scarlet fever, Nason B.

COLUINS-On Tuesday, Feb. 22, of scarlet fever, Nason B, only child of Nason B, and Louisa S. Collins, aged 1 year and 16 months.

only child of reson B. and Poins S. Comins, aget 1 year and 10 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Thursday, 24th, at 10 ctock p m., from the residence of his parents, No. 23 West Thirty-second street, without further invitation.

CLOSE—On Tuesday, Feb. 22, James W., son of Charles H. and Mary V. Close, in the 9th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, from No. 145 East Fifteenth street.

from No. 145 East Fifteenth street.

CASE—In this city, on Thursday, Jan. 20, Miss Antidnette
Case, after a protracted illness, borne with Christian resignation and patience, and terminating in the triumpts of faith in
"Him who is the resurrection and the life," and "who came
to bring life and immortality to light."

FARRELL.—On Monday evening, Feb. 21, Mary Farrell, wife
of Whilam Farrell, in the 58th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to
attend her funeral on Wednesday after noon at 10 clock, from
her late residence, No. 1 James street, corner of Chatham.

FARRELL—On Tuesday. Feb. 22, after a lingering illness.

FARRELL—On Taesday, Feb. 22, after a lingering illness, Patrick O. Farrell, third son of Henry and Alice O. Farrell, aged 27 years.

His relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, Henry O. Farrell, No. 225 West Thirty-fifth street, on Thursday, 24th

inst. at 11 a. in.

HAVEMEYER—On Monday, Feb. 21, of croup, Ada Diedrich
Havemeyer, youngest daughter of the late Diedrich Havemeyer, aged S years and 10 months.
Due notice of her funeral in Thursday's papers.

Due notice of her funeral in Thursday's papers.

MATHIESSEN-On Sunday, Feb. 20, aged 63 years and 2
months, Mrs. A. S. C. Matthiessen, relect of the late Conrad
Matthiessen of Alton, Germany.

Her friends and those of her sons, Adolphe, Matthiss and Otto
Matthiessen, are respectfully invited to attend her foneral
from the Prescott Hotel, at 10 clock on Wednesday, 23d inst. MAY—At No. 185 East Seventeenth street, on Monday, Feb. 21, Julia A., daughter of Thos. and Anne May, aged 2 years, 2 months and 4 days.

months and 4 days.

MURTHA—In this city, on Monday, Feb. 21, after a long and severe lithess, Catharine Finnen, wife of Joseph Murtha, in the 23d year of her age.

MCKENNEY—In this city, on Sunday, Feb. 20, Col. Thomas L. McKenney, aged 74 years.

MCKINLEY—In this city, on Monday, Feb. 21, Mrs. Sarah, wife of Joseph McKinley, in the 28th year of her age.

SIMPSON—At Saratoga Springs, on Monday, Feb. 14, Mary Jene Trumbull, wife of J. N. Simpson, in the 35th year of her age. Also, on the 16th, Mary T., infant daughter of Mary Jane and J. N. Simpson.

and J. N. Simpson.

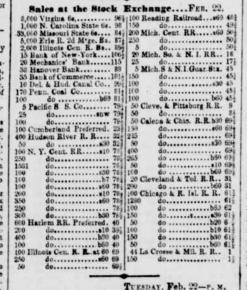
WALLACE—On Tuesday morning, Feb. 22, of a shortjutt severe likes, the eldest and teederly beloved son of James and Sarah Wallace, aged 4 years, 3 months and 5 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his grandfather, James Gillen, and of his uncles John and Thomas Wallace, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Wednesday) atternoon at 1] o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 194 West Thirty-first street.

WILSON—On Tuesday, Feb. 22, Susan Warner Dodge, daughter of Susan W. and Samuel D. Wilson, aged 2 years, 1 month and 5 days.

 \bar{b} days. the friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral at 2 p m. this day, from the residence of her parents, from No. 183 Division street.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.



Tuesday, Feb. 22-P. M. The market was without marked animation to day, and was irregular in its movement. The transactions were mainly centered in a few leading stocks, such as Central, Galena and Rock Island, while others were neglected. On the whole, the market exhibited weakness. The principal demonstration of the bears was made upon Central, which was hammered with considerable vigor, but exhibited much resistance, the decline of the day being but ? P cent. The sellers are still operating upon the belief that the meeting to-morrow of the four Presidents will result in the breaking up of the present compact and in the resumption of the profitless competition of last Summer. Appearances have certainly indicated, recently, such a result. It is known that the Central have determined to put on a fast train to compete with the Pennsylvania Central for the Western passenger traffic, and that the Erie, in such case, will put the fare to Dunkirk down to \$5, and also that the Erie has complained of the Hudson River Road for various breaches of covenants. We hear to-day, however, that matters look a little less stormy. Some preliminary talks have been held to-day between Messrs. Moran, Richard Vibberd, Sloan and Barlow, which gives some hope that the regular meeting tomorrow may possibly have a conservative result.

The arrangement thus far, according to the best information we can obtain, has worked for the benefit of the Southern roads, and although it may possibly be continued a while longer by mutual concessions, yet it contains evidently the seeds of an early dissolution. We should not be surprised to see a combination of the two Northern routes against the two Southern routes. in which event the Central would undoubtedly fare better than any of the other roads, on account of its large proportion of local traffic. The market opened at 781, and at the close the stock was offered at 781. The Transfer books open to-morrow, but it is not supposed that there will be any scarcity of stock. Hadson River is also sold by the bears for the same cause as Central but the transactions were limited. Pacific Mail has lost the prominence which marked the movements in it some time since. The shorts have been nearly all closed up, and the interest in the stock has naturally died out. The last sale was at 79;, which shows a firm market. Harlem Preferred was among the firmest stocks, selling at 40 to the extent of 1,200 shares. The business of this road in February shows about the same comparative gain over last year as has marked the traffic since las Fall. A considerable amount of the stock has been recently bought by outsiders, who consider its intrinsic value to be much greater than the market price, and who intend to hold it for the resumption of dividends. Reading was heavy, and attracted but little attention. Our operators have paid tribute so often to the Philadelphians on this stock, that they feel shy. There are many believers in its eventual worthlessness, but they begin to despair of the public finding it out and seiling. Cumberland was less active than of late, and sold at 231. This Company are now engaged in the usual annual repairs of the works, mines, &c., and in completing the two miles of railroad to connect with the Aster Mine, which they are opening, and consequently are sending to market for the moment but a small quantity of coal, about 100 tuns & day. The coal of the Aster Mine is said to be the best in the Cumberland district. The Cumberland Company expect to mine about three hundred thousand tons during the present season, against eighty thousand tuns last year. In Western shares there was considerable firmness, a portion of which was afterward lost. The parties operating for a rise appear to be willing to increase their lines at about present prices without desiring to advance the market much, calculating upon a considerable improvement in prices during March and April, from the enlarged traffic of the Western roads, which they express great confidence will follow the opening of navigation and the resumption of business. Their reasoning certainly appears plausible. In the Bond business there was but little done, and the rates were steady. There was no second session of the Board, Patriotism having dictated an adjournment to Wednesday, and the shade of Washington doubtless smiled benignantly and approvingly upon the act. The closing prices were—Central, 78\pi \pi 78\pi ; Rock Island, 61\pi \pi 61\pi; Galena, 69\pi \pi 69\pi; Erie, 12\pi \pi 13; Reading, 49 a 491; Pacific Mail, 791 a 791; Panama, 115] @115]; Illinois Central, 69@69]; Missouri, 84] @ 841; Cumberland, 231 @231 Harlem, 13 @131; Pre-

ferred, 40 @ 401. The transactions for the steamer in Foreign Bills have been quite large, but the quotations show no quotable change. The market at the close was heavy, and prices accepted which had been previously refused. Outside bills were not planty; they included £50,000 of the Illinois Central Road, drawn against the late loan. So long as money remains easy at the South, we shall get but moderate supplies of bills from that quarter, but if cotton speculators could not freely. as they now do, obtain facilities to carry their cotton. the stock of which now exceeds a million of bales, we should have an abundance of bills, and the specie export would be arrested. A fall of a cent ? It in Liverpool, which would force holders into selling, would

produce the same effect.

Freights are firm and steady. To London: 100 tos. India Beef at 5s. 3d.; 100 bbls. Pork at 2s. 3d. To Liverpool: 800 bbls. Rosin at 4s. 10 ld.; 150 bbls. Pork at 2s.; 8 tuns Leather, per steamer, at 37s. 6d. To Bremen: 200 bales Cotton and 150 bales Leather on private terms. The bark Azelia, of 265 tuns, built in Baltimore in 1853, was sold on private terms. A vessel to Curacoa with empty Bbls. at 75c. A British brig, of 180 tuns, to Cubs and back at 4210., all Sugars. A schooner, of 170 tuns, to Porto Rico and back at 40c. and \$3. Also a brig, of 299 tune, to north side of Cuba on private terms, and 50 bales Gunny Cloth standard at Boston at 121c.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, \$184,808 23-on account of Loan, \$103,048 23; for Customs, \$77,000; Payments, \$73,599 27; Balance, \$7.082.105 87.

We hear that about \$80,000 will go by the steamer from Boston. The propeller Lebanon, on Thursday, will take \$200,000. The money market tinues to exhibit increasing ease, and frequent demand leans are made at 4 24 F cent, although 5 F cent is still the current rate. Paper continues very scarce and quotations easy. Some of the banks which notified borrowers of an advance have receded to old rates. The business of the Clearing House was \$19,-710,000. The dividend of 4 P cent on the stock of the Oswego and Syracuse Railroad is now payable by the transfer agent, Henry A. Oakley, at the office of the Howard Insurance Company, No. 66 Wall street. Dividends not called for within thirty days will be paid only at the Treasurer's office, in Oswego. All the difficulties between the Long Dock Company and its late contractor upon the Bergen Tunnel, Mr. Mallery, have been settled amicably, and all the suits of every nature discontinued. The machinery in the Tunnel has passed into Mr. Cummings's hands, and he agrees by the 15th of December to have the road ready for

the track. We give elsewhere all that is actually known of a heavy defalcation in the Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn. The following is a comparative statement of Exports (exclusive of specie) from New-York to foreign ports for

the week and since Jan. 1: 1859. 6743 (84 5,778,400 Since January 1..... \$8,649,988 \$8,028,851 \$6,491.484 The market for the great loan of 1874, is firm at 1022 @ 1023, with but little pressing for sale. The pay-

ment of \$3,000,000 taken by Messrs. Sweeny, Rittenhouse & Co., has been extended sixty days by the Secretary, as the Treasury does not immediately need the funds. So that this amount will not come on the market for some time. The Secretary, we understand, has also agreed to issue on this bid registered bonds, if required, instead of coupon bonds. Tae former would probably sell for | * cent more than the latter, on account of their greater security.

At an adjourned meeting of the boudholders, cred-

Fond du Lac Railroad Company, held at the office of Ext iters and shareholders of the Chicago, St. Paul and the company this morning, the Committee previously appointed submitted their report, which recommends a reorganization and capitalization, substantially as

1. Under a new 7 P cent first mortgage, covering the entire road completed, amounting to \$4,500 provide for: First mortgage bonds now out, and coupons

to August, 1800, about \$3,600,000
New money to be paid in by subscription ... 600,000
Depot mertgage, and other incumbrances ... 300,000

Total.....\$1,500,000 Under a new second mortgage, at 6 # cent, give be Land Grant bondholders.
 \$2,000,000
 And, for the balance of the Land-Grant bonds and coupons, convey to them the 153,000 acres of land to which the road is entitled.

3. Give to unsecured debt 75 Ψ cent in new stock above the mortgages, and to the stock Θ Ψ cent

in the same The First Mortgage and Land Grant bondholders to subscribe 10 \$\psi\$ cent on their respective amounts, in cash, for completion of the road, taking therefor First Mortgage 7 4° cent Bonds as before specified, at par; the said bonds to be further secured by a sinking fund, which is to be the first claim on the income of the road, next to interest on the first mortgage.

After considerable discussion the report was adopted with great unanimity, and the Committee were in-

structed to take such steps as they may deem necessary to carry the plan into full effect. The sentiment at the meeting was decidedly favorable to the success of the scheme, and the impression prevails that the road will be completed at an early date.

The earnings of the Chicago, Buriington and Quincy Railroad ie January, 1859, were:

ilroad to January, 1809, were:

For Pright. 20,395 81

For Mail and Miscellaneous 1,416 48 Total \$51,067 79
persting expenses in January, estimated... \$4,500 00

Net Farnings.

Notz.—The road of this Company is 138 miles long, commencing 36 miles west of Chicago, at its junction with the Gallens Road, and extending to Galesburg, where it connects with the Quincy and Chocago Railroad for Quincy, and with the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad for Burington and Oquawka. The following are the earnings of the Cleveland and

Erie Railroad for January, 1859: Kaliroad for January, 1003:

Freights. \$54,999 32

Fasengers. 24,986 77

Mail. 1,500 00 Total \$81,786 90 04ry, 1850 \$94,829 98

\$13,045 20 The receipts of the Catawissa, Williamsport and

The following is a copy of the receipts to be given by parties accepting five years' coupons from the Erie Railroad Company upon the Second Mortgage Bonds. The holders of these bonds have to a large extent ac cepted the sheets of coupens. If parties prefer, they can give a receipt upon their bonds as the interest ac

can give a receipt about their bottow as the increase acrees.

Received of the New York and Eric Railroad Company,
— sheets of Ten Compons each, for the remi-ammal payment
of the interest on Bouts Nos. — of said Company, dated
March 1, 1849—said Coupons being for the payment of interest
on said Bonds from March 1st, 1859, to March 1st, 1841—the acceptance of which shall in no wise affect the right of the holder
of said Bonds, or the priority and eccurity of the mortgage mentioned therein, nor depitie such holder of his right at all times
to treat and enferce the same as past due.

In regard to the new land route between this City

and Boston, The New-Haren Journal and Courier

hays:
"It is with much satisfaction we chronicle the repeated success of this new railroad line to Providence and Boston. "It is with much satisfaction we chronicle the repeated suc-cess of this new railroad line to Providence and Boston.
"Owing to the delay on the New-York Road in consequence of a broken rail, the S a. m. express train was one hour and ten migutes late on Saturday, which, as on several occasions before, left the "thore Line" but three noars and thirty minates to tun to Providence and connect with the requist Boston and Provi-dence accommodation train, which was done, putting passengers in Boston more than an hour before the inland express. This has been the case in every instance of delay on the New-York Road, since the Snore Line has been in operation, thus showing already that when the arrangements are compiled (which we understand will be early in the Spring), this line will not only be the shortest, the most level and free from curves, and conse-quently the safest, but, at all times, the surest and most free from delays."

The following circular has been addressed to the

The following circular has been addressed to the New-York State Banks by the Metropolitan Bank:

METROPOLITAN BANK, NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1259.

Str.: Circumstances of recent occurrence make it necessary to address you on the subject of uncurrent money.

At a Convention of the Interior Banks of this State, held at Syracuse on the leth Instant—forty-seven banks being represented—a Committee of five bank officers were chosen, namely: Mesers, E. B. Judeon of Cowego, William Williams of Buildo, P. V. Rogers of Utlea, Thomas H. Rochester of Rochester, and John D. Norton of Syracuse, to confer with the Metropolitan Bank on a revision of its terms for receiving uncurrent money. Four out of the five appointed, waited upon this bank, and submitted, substantially, the following preposition from the Country Banks the currency of this State, at the discount established by law for the redemption of bank notes at the agencies (i # ocut); that it allow the banks 15 cents on each hundred dollars, redeemed by them deliy in New-York, and take New-England currency at a discount of one-tenth of i # cent.

The subject received a full and free discousion, and in consideration of the harmonious action of a slarge a number of banks, representing about ten millions of capital, the Metropolitan Bank, with the understanding that the Country Banks would leartily cooperate with it, resolved to accede to the wishes of the Country Banks would leartily cooperate with it, resolved to accede to the wishes of the Country Banks would

Bank, with the understanding that the Country Bank would learnify cooperate with it, resolved to accede to the wishes of the Committee. Accordingly, this bank, on the 1st of Marsh pleasing, will receive uncorrent money on the terms proposed. With respect, JOHN E. WILLIAMS, President.

The following are the Currency, Land Warrant and

Specie quotations for the week, corrected for us from the rates current at the Banking Office of Messrs. Thompson Brothers:

On Chicago

Buying.

Buying.

The connection by railway from New-Orleans to Columbus (eighteen miles south of Cairo, on the Mississippi River) is by the New-Orleans and Great Northern Road to Canton, 206 miles: thence to Jackson, Tennessee, by the Mississippi Central, 183 miles; thence by the Mobile and Ohio to Columbus-the whole distance is 527 miles. The unfinished portion of the line is less than 60 miles; the mails and passengers are carried across by stages; and the trains from New-Orleans, including this, is three days less than by boats from Cairo. The effect on the business of the Mississippi Valley has long been talked of, and it is supposed the railway, when completed, will carry nearly all the passengers. The importance of Cairo to the Iffineis Central Company is at last demonstrated. The freight received at and forwarded from that point during 1858 amounted to \$569,255 63, against \$122,-251 11 in 1857, an increase of \$147,004 52. The business has increased very much since the lat of January,

owing to the obstruction of the Mississippi by ice. The President of the Mississippi Central Company has effected the sale of his road, and is in funds for the completion of the line. The rails are being landed at New-Orleans, and the road will be finished by September.

The following statistics are from Messrs. Wright & Co.'s Circular. Mr. Wright's estimate of the crop is 3,700,000 bales. Mr. Talent's estimate is 3,600,000

3,700,000 bales. Mr. Talent's estimate is 3,600,000 bales. Receipts for the week are 122,000 bales, being 5,000 bales more than in the corresponding week last year, the excess in comparison with which shows a total of 1,02,600 bales. This will prove the maximum xoxes or the season, as we know enough aiready by telegraph to reduce this amount next week to 30,000 bales. There is also some diminution of receipts at interior markets. Exports for the week are small, only 59,000 bales, of which Great Britain gets 27,000 bales, France 12,000 bales, of which Great Britain gets 27,000 bales, France 12,000 bales, of which great Britain gets 27,000 bales, and the case with which it is held in remarkable, taking into view the circumstances connected with the trade in Liverpool and Havre, and the uncertainty which overhangs the political acrison of Europe.

The following is a statement of the movement in Cotton since lat Sept. last, as compared with the previous four years:

1853. 1857. 1856. 1855.

Rec'ts at Piz., 547,000 1,725,000 225,000 276,000 172,000 Exp's to 6fs. 282,000 52,000 27,000 27,000 172,000 Exp's to 6fs. 283,000 276,000 172,000 Exp's to 6fs. 283,000 172,000 Exp's to 6fs. 283,000 172,000 183,000 172,000 Exp's to 6fs. 283,000 172,000 183,000 172,000 183

Expirato G.B. 27,000 83,000 40,000 41,000 51,000 Expirato Fr. 12,000 12,000 15,000 16,000 12,000 Ex. to other F. Perta... 20,000 10,000 17,000 18,000 12,000 Total Expirat. 83,000 113,000 72,000 73,000 81,000 SUMMARY.—RECRIPTS—Increase at the ports, compared with 165-6, 30,2000 bales. Exports.—Decrease to Great Britain, compared with 1625-6, 45,000 bales; Increase to France, 24,000; decrease to other foreign ports, 2,000. Total decrease in exports, 23,000 bales; therease to France, 24,000; decrease to other foreign ports, 2,000. Total decrease in exports, 23,000 bales, therease in the ports, 24,000; decrease to other foreign ports, 2,000. Total decrease in exports, 23,000 bales, and 20 ressels of the daying over fifteen feet, and begins to be a cause of serious annoyance. At the latest dates there were 31 vessels outside the bay bound out, 4 vessels on the the bar, and 21 vessels outside the bar bound in, beside vessels remaining at the level until there is water enough to fine them over. It is estimated that over 60,000 bales for Great Britain alone are thus detained. Measures are to be immediately reserted to for cleaning the channel, but some weeks may clapse before it can be accomplished.

Messers, Earing, Brothers & Co., state that there

Mesers, Baring, Brothers & Co., state that there

had been little business in American stocks, and little variation in prices. Mr. E. F. Satterthwaite remarks: variation in prices. Mr. E. F. Satterthwaite remarks:

The market in London for American securities has been very
steady during the past week, with an increasing demand. The
best class Railroad Bonds have become very source; 9th has been
paid for Pennsylvanta Central First Mortgage, and 301 for the
Second Mortgage sterling Bonds. New York Central bonds of
all kinds are much wanted. 50 has been freely given for the Seven per cent Bonds, 1876, and 94 for 1084. Blinois shares are
wanted from 34 to 34 discount. In Construction Bends little
doing. Free Lands have come to market at 84, and close
sellers so.

The London Times in noticing the business of the 3d inst., says:

3d inst., says:

"In Colonial descriptions, Great Western of Canada advanced;
Buffalo and Lake Huron, and Buffalo, Brautford and Goderich
were, on the other hund, rather heavy. In American Scourities
there was an improvement in the Third Mortgage of the Now-York
York and Erle, and a reduction in the shares of the New-York

Messrs. D. Bell, Son & Co., notice and quote as follows: "The market for American Securities during the par

has not been particularly sative; prices, however, are generally firm, and in some cases have improved "
In regard to the Cincinnati and Indianapolis Road,

The Cincinnate Commercial Says:
INDIANAPOLIS AND CINCINNATI ROAD—SUCCESSFUL ISSUE OF NEGOTIATIONS FOR EXTINUISHMENT OF DERT.—By private dispatches received here yesterday, we are enabled to automore that this soughy managed road is now freed from its flosting debt.

rounce that this snugly managed road is now fleed from floating debt.

The 10 per cent Bonds of the Company, due in December last, have them canceled by new bonds, payable in 1373, at 35, the difference, 15 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ sent, being raid in cash. The doating debt, \$138,000, has been taken up by the issue of bands at 50 cents, payable in 1878. These bonds were readily purchased by capitalists both here and in New-York, as a sale and permanent investment, and thus enabled the Company to pay off its floating debt.

The Indianapolis and Cincinnati Road is \$8 miles in length—Lawrence berg to Indianapolis, with a favorable lease, giving the

The Indianapolis and Cincinnati Road is 83 miles in length— Lawrence berg to Indianapolis, with a favorable leave, giving the joint use of the Ohio and Missteappi track from Lawrence-berg joint use of the Ohio and Missteappi track from Lawrence-berg to this city—22 miles. Its capital path in \$4,805 809; its debt, until recently, \$1,04,831. The total cost of the road and equip-ment has been \$3.50,000. Its gross earnings last year were \$49,743, and its not earnings \$24,622.

The Company will resume the payment of cash dividends in July rest. The same paper has the following paragraph:

KENTUCKY CENTRAL.—The following is a copy of a note from Mr. Johnson of Lexington to Mr. Hodge, and will be read with interest, as coming from a source

will be read with interest, as coming from a source well-informed and responsible:

Northeren Bank of Kriticky.

Lexington, Feb. 14, 1839. 5

George R. Hodge, Esq. Dear Sir. There is not one word of troth in any rumors to the prejudice of the value of the second metigage bonds. No motion for a Receiver has yet been made. The Judge has intimated no opinion on any subject, for the papers have never been before him.

The only motion of any kind made in the case was to appoint atteneys for non resident defendants, and a motion to permit an answer to be filed, which was renated, of course.

Thave seen noting impairing in the slightest degree my confidence in the second mortgage as a first-class security and investment. Do not sell under the price of a first-class seven percent levestment. I have no doubt this suit will make it a first-class security.

clars security.

I wis you, by making this as public as possible, to destroy the laws you, by making this as public as possible, to destroy the false rumers on the subject. In haste, respectfully, M. C. JOHNSON. Mr. Johnson's opinion is entitled to the highest re-

FIGUR AND MEAL—The demand for the low grades of Western Canal Flour is hardly so active, and very common brans are heavy, but good and choice brands of Western extrasare in request at still higher rates, although this improvement is not general; the trade are supplying themselves liberally with facey extras, but low grades of extras are comparatively quiet; Uncound and Ordinary Siate are dull; the sales are 9200 bbls. at \$5.00 means for low grades of Western extra; \$6.00 means of the sales are 9200 bbls. at \$5.00 means for low grades of Western extra; \$6.400 means of the sales are 9200 bbls. at \$5.00 means for low grades of Western extra; \$6.400 means of the sales are 9200 bbls. at \$5.00 means for low grades of Western extra; \$6.400 means of the sales of \$7.00 means for low grades of \$7.00 means of \$7.00 means of \$7.00 means. Canadian Flour is very firm, the demand meierate; sales of 160 bbls. at \$6.70 means of \$7.00 bbls. at \$5.00 means of \$7.00 bbls. at \$5.00 means of \$7.00 means

for pumcheons. Buckwheat Floor is plenty at \$1.50\square\(\pi \) 30\square\(\pi \) 30\s

Fig. 3 and Canadian at 50 cester, particularly for Navy, the sarivals are not large; sales of 21,00 at 31 cester, particularly for Navy Pellow, 82 cester, parti ut important charge. Camphene Peelling at 49c., and Fluid t Sic. cash. PROVISIONS—The Pork market is better, but the demand

at Sec. cash.

PROVISIONS—The Perk market is better, but the demand is not active, using to the firmness of holders; the sales are 1,400 has at \$100 \$12 55 for New Mess: \$17.50 \$17.62 \$10 Old dc.; \$1700 \$17.12 \$for Sour do.; \$13.200 \$13.30 \$for Prime, and \$20 \$for Clear. Beef is in fair demand, and is firm; the arrivals are not large; sales of \$40 bbts. at \$67.50 \$47.50 \$for Country Prime; \$4.30 \$3.30 \$for do. Mess; \$9.30 \$11 \$for Repack \$1 \$for Repack \$1 \$for \$12.50 \$for \$10.50 \$for \$1.50 \$for \$1.50

in Beston were at \$1.62 4° bush, cash.

STEARIN-The market is poorly supplied; sales of 5,000 fb. Prime at 11 fc., cash.

TEAS—Moderate sales are making at full rates. An auction sale is suncounced for Friday.

TOBACCO—There is very little doing; sales of 20 hhds. Kentucky at \$2.0; 181 bales Havana at 35/245c.; 64 cases Seedlesf at 13/25c.; 52 cases Florida at 17/25c., and 16 bars Scraps on private terms. Manufactured is firm at 12/25c. for common Small Work and also common Pounds.

TIN—The demand for Bicck is less animated, and there is less bucyancy perceptible. Plates are also less active, but the improvement is suitained.

The The demand for poses is are also less active, but the improvement is austained.

TALLOW—The market is steady, and the demand moderate; seles of 6,000 h, at it.e. Rough Fat is steady at 7½... cash.

WHISKY—The market is firm, and the demand fair; sales of

400 bbls. at 35 de. WHALEBONE is quiet, and steady at former rates.

WHALEBONE is quiet, and steady at former rates.

Markets—Reported by Telegraph.

Philadelphia, Feb. 22.—Flour firm at \$5.9712.66.325.

Wheat—An advancing tendency; White, \$1.90; Red. \$1.40.

\$4.140. Corns steady at 752890. Whisey still at 252520.

Charleston, Feb. 21.—The sales of Cotton to-day were soot bales: pitches are depressed and there is but little inquiry.

Savannah, Feb. 21.—The controls market is very dull; sales to-day, 330 bales.

New-Orleans, Feb. 19.—The sales of Cotton to-day were 5,00 bales, the market closing at firmer prices for the better grades. Scoar firm at an advance of \$250. Mollasses, 320. Cons steady; 1,600 sacks sold at 35290. Pork very dull. Perilehts on Cotton to Liverpool, \$d.

New-Orleans, Feb. 21.—The Cotton market is unchanged; sales to-day, 9,000 bales; Middling, He. Light Gunnies, 90. Mollasses, 330. Oats, 300. Bacon Shoulders, \$d.

White, \$1.400 \$1.90; Red. \$1.30 \$2.81.45. Cons buoyant at 150780. for both White and Yellow. Provisions quiet. Bacon Sides, \$d.C. Mess Pork, \$1.800. Lard, Ille. Whisky dul at 25290.

Cincinnati, Feb. 22.—Flour dull and unchanged. Whisky dul at 25.000.

Cincinnati, Feb. 22.—Flour dull and unchanged. Whisky dull at 23c. Provisions dull. Land, 11/2/12/c., in bbis, and

Albany Live Stock Market Reported for The N. Y. Tribune.

WEST ALBAST, Monday, Feb 21, 1809.

The receipts of live Stock, via Central Railroad, for the wee he receipts of live ing to-day, ic., is as fo low ing to-day, ic., is as following to it., is as follo

and freezing, the very worst day this winter. Some of the be cattle brought good prices, as they always do. Ohe McConshad Schessi extra Kentucky, the finest lot in market whe hrought a fair price. We call them extra become nine-tendent the farmers never saw such cattle. They could pick any most them out of the drove and get a premium at their County for Their was also several froves of A No I tattle this week, we be noticed below. We quate cattle this week.

be noticed below. We quate outlie this week:

Premium.

Extra

Fresh of the property of the pr

750 fb. Geo. Mitchell sold 60 Ohlo at \$76 each—not large, but may

tree. Mitchell coid of Ohio at \$75 cach—not large, but very fire quality—av 1,325 ib each.

Rounds & McLityre rold 45 Kentucky at \$102 \$\psi\$ head, days ered in New-York, which, at the present at ea of freight, is \$15 here; would weigh say 1,500 ib each ead; weight 1,300 ib each, J. W. Mix sold 16 State at \$71 \$\psi\$ head; weight 1,300 ib each, at \$4 compand it, averaging \$75 ib, at 4 conts.

S. Webster sold 17 Canada at \$50 \$\psi\$ head; about 1,200 ib each, either a serimate.

Passengers Arrived

Passengers Arrived
In steamship Africa, from Liverpool—Mr. C. C. Romains, M. McCready, M. Fischer, S. S. Fischer, Thomas Mediales, Mr. Nice, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hansell, Mr. Arrold Tominson, Entant and nirre, Mr. Appold, P. Vshlant, Mr. and Mrs. C. Bibwn, T. W. Parmell, B. G. Walter, Waiter Spence, Wa. Bibwn, T. W. Parmell, B. G. Walter, Waiter Spence, W. Burray, Hours Homison, Wm. Jackson, W. S. Lewis, M. Kos, W. F. Murray, Hours Homison, Wm. Jackson, W. S. Lewis, M. Kaile, A. F. Boulais, Baron Von Gerolt, Mr. Stake, Mr. Fashander, J. S. McMaster, E. F. Van waur, G. Sabatt, I. Celma, Mr. Landon, Mr. Johnson, Robt. Nicol, James Miller, W. Stard, Mr. Ochmer, Mr. Kost, Mr. and Mrs. E. Buckus, Mr. atd Mrs. T. Rowlands, Mrs. A. M. Jones, Mr. Bennott, Charles, W. Frest, Mr. Lavingstone, Charles Young, John Daggett, Masse Dunnersbarm.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK PER 22 Cleared. Steamship-Chesapeake, Crowell, Baltimore, H. B. Crowed

& Co.

Shirs-Liberty, Aikins, New-Orleans, Stanton & Thompses,
Gen. Burr, Davis, Beston, ——; Volant, Bray, New-Orlean,
Robson & Foedick.

Barks-Parana, Mason, Rio Janetro, J. D. Thompses, J. C.

Wells, Garry & Co. Barks - Parana, Mason, Rio Janeiro, J. D. Thompsen; J. C. Nichols, Nichols, Boston, Walsh, Carver & Co.
Brigs - Emms, Hanfield, Para, E. L. Cerning; Olive (Bt.)
Bernier, Marie Gulanti Gordon, Bruce & McAudia; Lucretz,
Wallace, Zaza, C. & E. J. Peters.
Schooners - B. Smith, Smith, Gloucester, master; D. Bayles, Jayne, Appa achicola, Eagle & Hasandi M. E. Treet,
Aures, Clenfuezos, Metcait & Ouncan; Adele, Baker, Wilmington, D. C. Murray; P. Barritt, Salyear, Newbern, J. Smith &
Co.; I. T. Hazard, Wilson, Provinence, L. Kimy; Margari,
Ann, Reichardt, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Oaly Daughter,
Bunnell Richmond, C. H. Pierson; Granite State, Burgess, Betten, S. W. Lewis & C.
Steamers—Delaware, Copes, Philadelphia, F. Perkins; J. R.
Thompson, Wright, South Amboy.

Arrived.

Steamship Montgomery, Crocker, Savannah, mdse, and pass to H. B. Cromwell & Co. 21st inst, at 3 p m, lat 37 59, lea. 74 20, passed ship Mediator, Kaut from New Orleans for New-York. Experienced heavy gales from W. N. W. since passing Batteras.

Steamship Chesapeake, Crowell, Portland, mdse, and pass to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamship Educate. Crowell. Savannah, mdse, and con-tally fordia. Crowell. Savannah, mdse, and con-tally contact to H. S. Crowell. Savannah.

Hatteras.

Steamship Chesapeake, Crowell, Portland, indec. and pass, to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamship Florida, Crowell, Savannah, midee, and pass, to E. L. Mitchill & Son. In Savannah River, passed brig Bernda, L. Mitchill & Son. In Savannah River, passed brig Bernda, bound up. Feb. 29, 8:30 p. m., exhanged signals with steamship Artica (8:). Shannon, Liverpool Feb. & midee, and pass, to E. Cunard. Has experienced a constant signature of the Stein Land Research of heavy westeriy and N. W. gales, with heavy seas. On the 20th, had a violent gale from N. N. W., with a high breaking see, and made in 24 hours only 61 miles westing. Feb. 6, 6 miles E. of Bally Cotton, spoke R. M. steamship Nasgara. Same day, at 4:30 p. m., 4 miles E. of Gork Hatber, spoke steamship Ara, 1th, lat 30 10, ton. 25 vit, spoke R. M. steamship Europa. 13th, lat 46:29 ton. 40-20, R. M. steamship Arabis, hence.

Ship Cherubim (of Richmond, Me.), Skinner, Cal so Nov. II, via Hampton Roads, 5 days, grano and 2 pass, to Barrill & Muir, July L. Ship Cherubim (of Richmond, Me.), Skinner, Cal so Nov. II, via Hampton Roads, 5 days, grano on days out. Has had very light weather during the passage.

Ship Far West, Bennett, New-Orleans 15 days, mise, to Wa. T. Frost.

Ship B. F. Hoxie (of Mystie) Crary, Callao 30 days, via Hampton Roads 36 hours, guano to Barrill & Muir. Blace leaving to the contract of the contract of the strip on Roads 36 hours, guano to Barrill & Muir. Blace leaving to the contract of the contract of the strip on Roads 36 hours, guano to Barrill & Muir. Blace leaving the contract of the contract of the strip of the strip on Roads 36 hours, guano to Barrill & Muir.

Brig Bell Flower (of Pittson), Castner, St. Mark's 10th int., oction, &c., to master.

Schr. Chara (of Harrington), Putnam, Jacmel 5th inst., offe. &c., to Brett, Son & Co. Feb. 9, saw a vessel sabore on the south side of Inaçon; apparantly had been ashore but a short time; had her maste with the rigging attanhed alongside.

Schr. Hambbal (of Banzor), Wentworth, Attakapes 3d inst., sugar, &c., to H. D. Brookman. On the outward passage, Not. 25th, lat 27, iou. 69, in a gale from the N. E., lost from the main boom, John Stair, mate, a native of Orrington, Me.

Schr. M. Betts, Feaster, Philadelphia 2 days, coal.

Schr. E. Flower, Rayner, Philadelphia 2 days, coal.

Schr. E. Flower, Rayner, Philadelphia 2 days, coal.

Schr. M. Betts, Growth (of Rockland), Harlow, Attakapes via Key West, 13th inst., sugar to R. W. Trandy.

Schr. Danville, Chester, Richmord 4 days, flour, &c., to G. H. Flermon.

Schr. Hannah Martin, Sleight, Mobile 12 days, cotton, &c, betturges, Clearman & Co. 20th inst., saw a large ship assess on

Schr. Harman Martin, Sleight, Mobile 12 days, cotton, &c, be Sturges, Clearman & Co. Sth innte, saw a large ship assect on Chinocteague; appeared to have gone on lately, supposed in the feg. Also saw a schooler at anchor near her.

Schr. Laura Gertrude, Campbell, Charleston 4 days, cotton, &c., to Doliner, Potter & Co.

Schr. Rhode Island, Davis, Washington, N. C., 8 days, naval stores to B. Blossom & Son.

Schr. Fanny, Nead, Washington, N. C., 6 days, naval stores to B. Brown & DeRossett.

Schr. Maryland, Catheart, Wilmington, N. C., 3 days, naval stores to D. C. Murray.

Sobr. Chas. McClees, Rogers, Plymouth, N. C., 4 days, grain to Whitby & Co.

Yorktown, Waglam, City Point 4 days, flour, &c., b

Sebr. Yorktown, Waglam, City Point 4 days, flour, &c., is James Hunter & Co.
Schr. Alabama, Vanguilder, Petersburg 2 days, naval stores & J. B. Cunningham.
Schr. H. Willitts, Cranmer, Norfolk 2 days, naval stores &c., to J. Hoyt & Go.
Schr. R. Clyde, Martin, Virginia 3 days, oysters.
Schr. Commerce, Reymolds, Virginia 3 days, oysters.
Schr. Brothers, Davey, Virginia 3 days, wood.
Schr. S. V. W. Skumons Goodrey, Virginia 3 days, wood.
Schr. S. V. W. Skumons Goodrey, Virginia 3 days, wood.
Schr. West Wind, Kelly, Georgetown, D. C., 18 days, cod.
Schr. West Wind, Kelly, Georgetown, D. C., 18 days, cod.
Schr. Target, Holmes, Charleston 5 days, cotton, &c.) to MoCready, Mett & Co.
Schr. Mary Stedmao, Goodall, Camp Pinckney, Ga., 1 days,
naval stores to Dibble & Bunce.
Schr. Ann D. Newton, Googetown, D. C., 4 days, four, &c.,
Mett Bedeil.
Steamer Albatross, Williams, Providence, mdze, to I. Odel.

Steamer Oscocia, Smith, New-Loudon, mdse, to E. H. Swell.

Steamer Curlew, Ayre, Providence, mdse, to Issac Odell.

Steamer Curlew, Ayre, For St. John, N. B.; Magnetias, for Liverpool; bark Trojas, for Matanas, and others.

BELOW—1 brig.

WIND—Doring the day, W. S. W.
The ship Cherubim reported as being ashore on the S. W-Spit, in this morning? selltion, was incorrect as to the localist. She was in the true ship channet. The ship was drawing 21 feet, and the strong N. W. sale of the previous 3t hours, has drived was in the runsually low, so that she stopped where, in ordinary tides, the best water is to be found. Sae floated on this morning's flood, and was towed to the city in good order.

By Telegraph.

By Telegraps.

By Telegraps.

Boston, Feb. 22.—Steamer Joseph Whitney, from Saltmore, passed Highland Light at 10 a.m., to-day, with loss of larmast.

Spoken, 9th inst., lat. 56 53, lon. 62 30, ship James L. Beginfrem New York for Livergool.

8QUAN, Feb. 22, sonset.—Wind light from S. W. Westher

SANDY HOOK, Feb. 22, sunset.—Wind light from N. N. W. Weather clear

New - ORLEANS, Peb. 21.—Arr. ships Augustos, Rev. York; Columbus, Palladeiphia; St. Patrick, Liverpoel; Wa. Rathbone, Havre; bark Sultana, Rio Janeto.

Feb 19. arr. ships Maid of Orlean, New York; C. S. Panell, Liverpool; Franklin Haven, Boston.

Dismaters, &c.

Gal. VESTON, Feb. 13.—The hart Nanarine (previously reported ashors) is nearly all discharged, with the exception of short is tune of brick. She now draws 8 feet of water, and lies in 6 feet. She does not leak, and the counces are favorable of genting her off. She has shout one mile to work through the quick madbefore gotting is to deep water.

Liversoot, Feb. 2.—The Am. ship Thomas H. Perkins spring sheak in the river, and has returned into the dock. It is feared she will have to discharge a portion of eargo.

[By letter to Eliwood Waiter, eq., Sec. B'd of Understand

Mett Bedell.
 Steamer Albatross, Williams, Providence, mdze to L Odel.
 Steamer Oscocia, Smith, New-London, mdse, to E. H. Sod-

LONG BRANCH, Feb. 22, sunset.-Wind light from S.W. Westber clear.

HIGHLANDS, Feb. 22, sunset.—Wind light from Wweether clear. One brig in offing, bound in. The steemans
Black Warnior remains in the same position; three lighters
also reliefs.